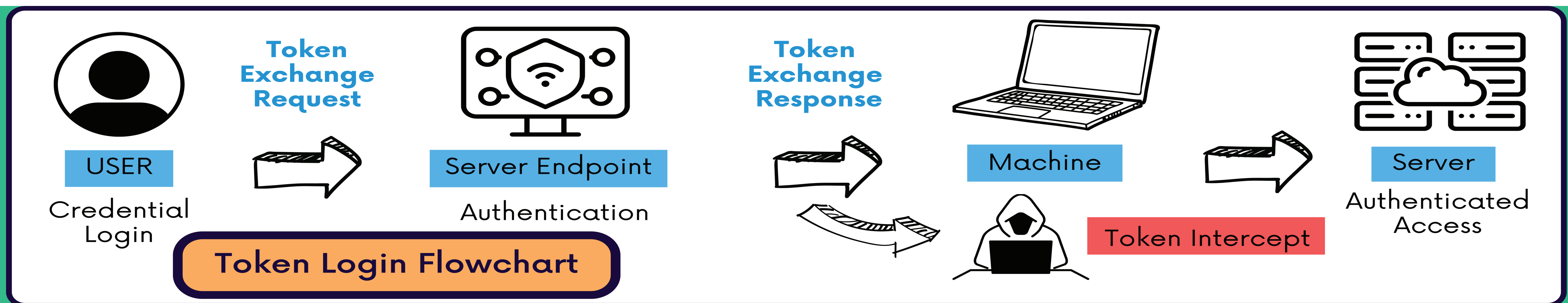
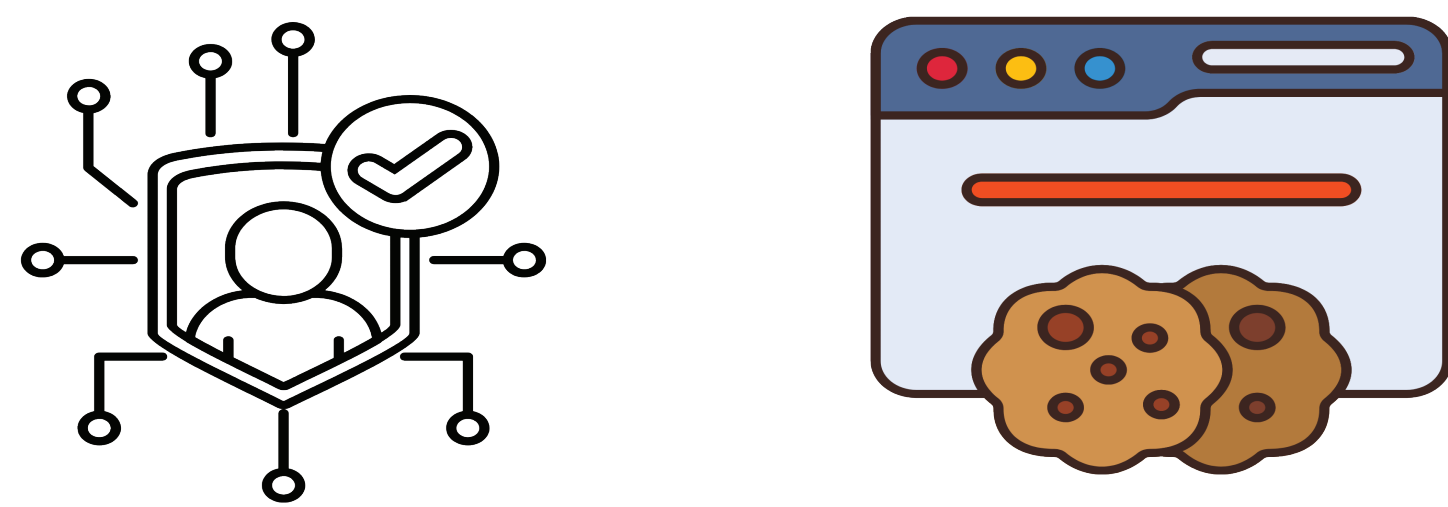


# HOW TO HACK: UNVEILING AN AUTOMATED WEB IMPERSONATION ATTACK



## THE ISSUE

Many web services use single sign-on which allows users to log in once and are **remembered** with cookies



As you login, **HTTP** **LOGIN**

Many websites use **insecure** HTTP

Hackers can **intercept** your login cookies ...

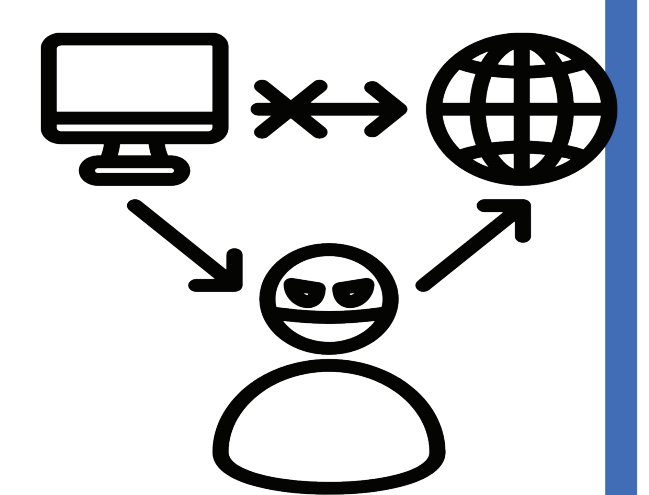
and **impersonate** your accounts

The block contains several icons: an open padlock labeled 'HTTP', a blue 'LOGIN' button with a mouse cursor, a Wi-Fi signal with a question mark and a red 'X' indicating interception, and an illustration of two people on a laptop representing impersonation.

## THE AUTOMATED EXPLOIT

### 1 An Arp Poisoning attack

Redirects network traffic intended for the victim's device to the attacker's machine. The attacker can eavesdrop on the data passing through



### 2 Network Scan for the victim's login cookies

### 3 Victim account Login, with cookies

The above exploit acts as an **Audit Tool** to identify vulnerable Keycloak implementations



## WAYS TO MITIGATE THIS ATTACK

### 1 **Avoid** Unknown Wi-Fi

Don't use unsecured Wi-Fi networks for sensitive transactions, such as online banking or shopping. Attackers can easily intercept your information.

### 2 **Always** Use HTTPS

When using an internet browser, e.g. Edge, Chrome, Safari, etc... click on the icon at the left of the URL address bar. Ensure that the website is on HTTPS and has a valid SSL certificate to secure your connections.

### To Developers

### **Secure** Applications



Use HTTPS for secure communication. This encrypts the data in transit between the client and server, making it difficult for attackers to intercept and manipulate.